HIV

	HIV is the Human Immunodeficiency Virus that causes failure of part of the immune system.
	The immune system is important because it defends the body from infection and disease.
	HIV is only infectious in blood, semen, vaginal fluids and breast milk.
	A person can only become infected with HIV if one of these body fluids containing HIV gets into their body and passes into their bloodstream.
	This can be through sex, or an open wound or sharing a needle, or a needle injury
	If someone becomes infected this is called becoming HIV positive
© STCP	Some people have no symptoms.
	Others may have symptoms like flu-like symptoms, fever, rashes, a sore throat and swollen glands.
	Symptoms of ongoing HIV infection may include unexplained diarrhoea, weight loss, recurrent rashes, fever or an AIDS-related illness
	There is no vaccine or cure for HIV, but there are numerous HIV treatment options available.
TO THE LAND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	Treatment for HIV is currently anti-viral medications.
	These attack the virus at different points and stages in its lifecycle
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